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Consumer exposure to silver (nanoparticles) in consumer products

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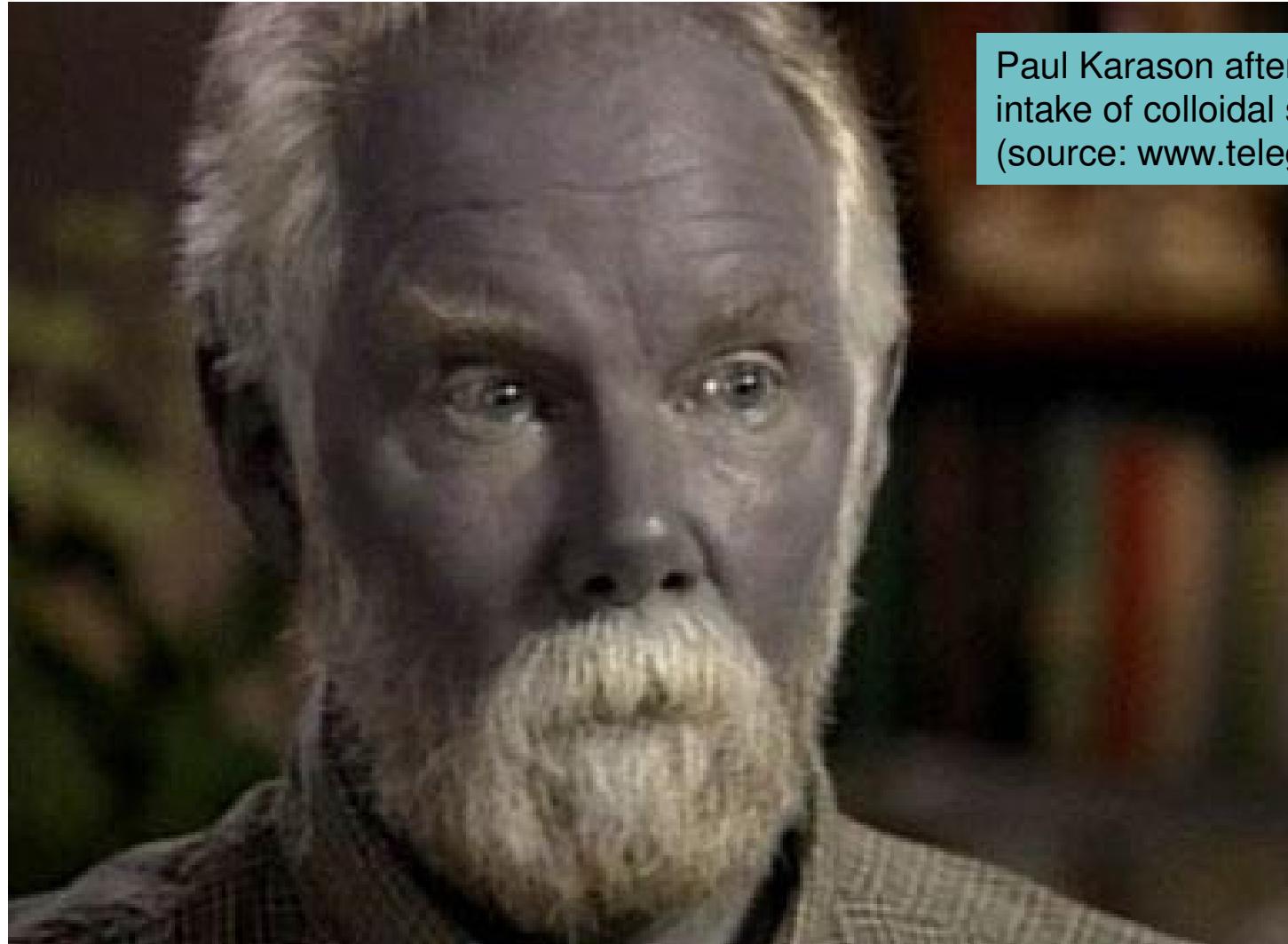


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The “blue man”



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Paul Karason after 15 years of oral intake of colloidal silver
(source: www.telegraph.co.uk)

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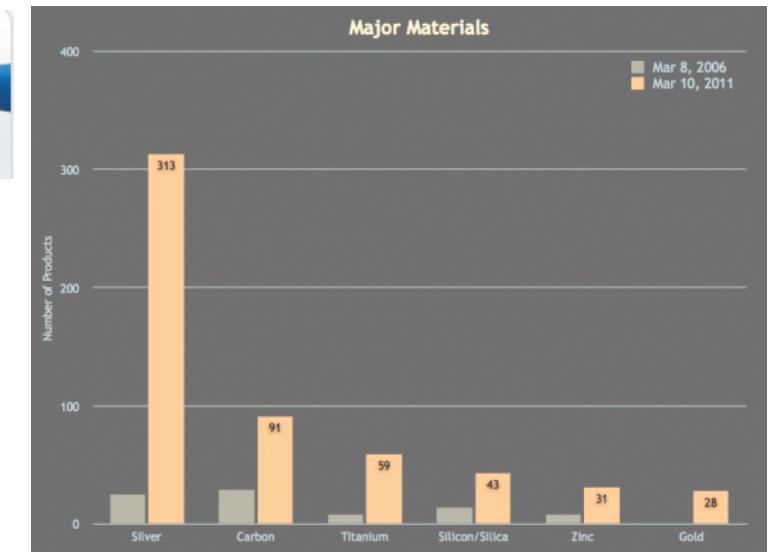
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Natalie von Goetz, BfR-Conference on Nanosilver, Berlin, 8./9.2.2012

Silver in consumer products

The Nanotechproject: 313 products (24% of the inventory) use silver nanoparticles

- Medication: alternative medicine → “Blue man”, sporadic
- Medication (treatment of burns): since 50 years, routine treatment
- Textiles: since 10 years, especially functional textiles
- biocidal sprays for indoor use
- toothpaste (US, Poland), toothbrush
- facial cream (e.g. CH)
- tupperware (US, Korea)
- toys (US)



Silver in consumer products



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Folie: Gerald Bachler

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Inhalation: EU consumer sprays

Household Sprays

Biocides: NanoSys



Personal Care Products

Antiperspirant:
Nivea Silver Protect



NanoSpray I: ETH and EMPA, 2008-2010

Shoe sprays



Foot Spray: e.g. Hansaplast
Silver Active Fußspray



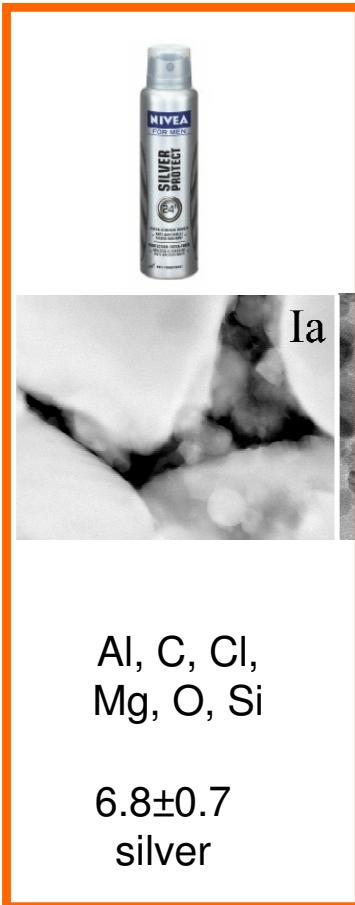
NanoSpray II: Sabrina Losert,
Andrea Ulrich, EMPA, Start 2011

Analysis of spray dispersion



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TEM



Al, C, Cl,
Mg, O, Si

6.8 ± 0.7
silver



Ia

IIa

IIIa

IVa

ICP-MS
[ppm]

C, Cl, F,
O, Zn

470 ± 10
zinc

C, Cl, F,O

no metals

Ag, C, O, Si

9.1 ± 0.1
silver

propellant gas spray

pump spray

Lorenz et al, 2011, J Nanoparticle Research, **13**, 3377-3391
Hagendorfer et al, 2010, J Nanoparticle Research, **12**, 2481-2494

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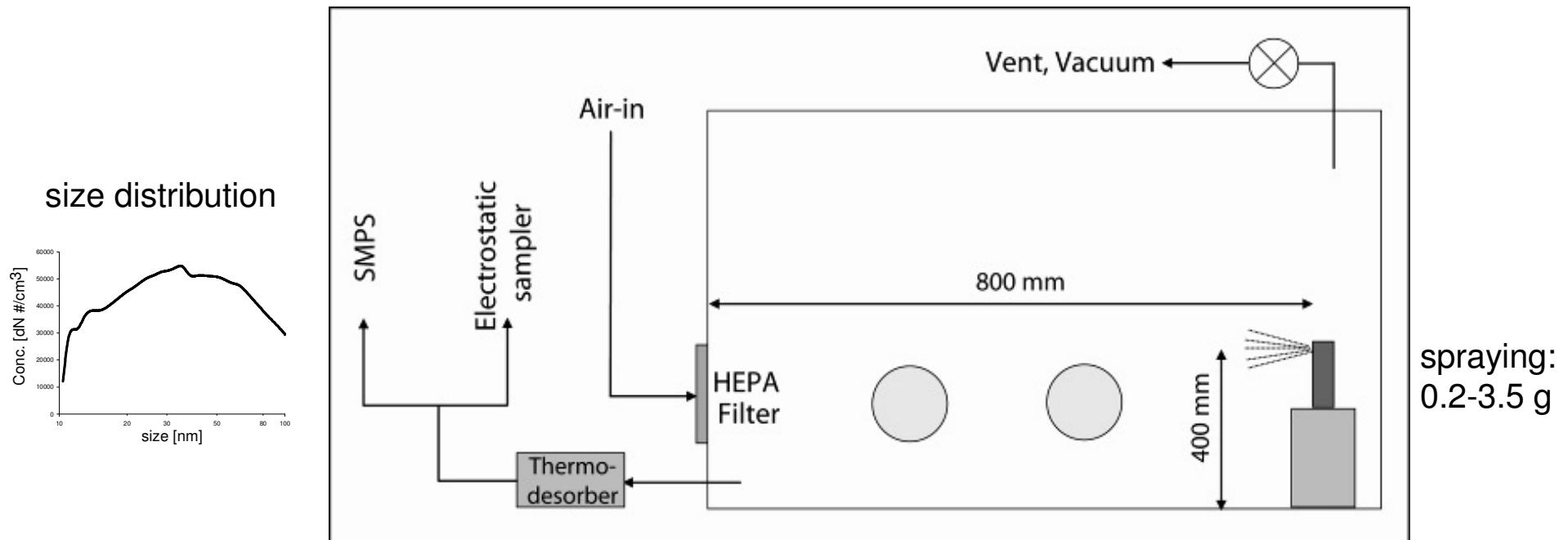
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Analysis of aerosol

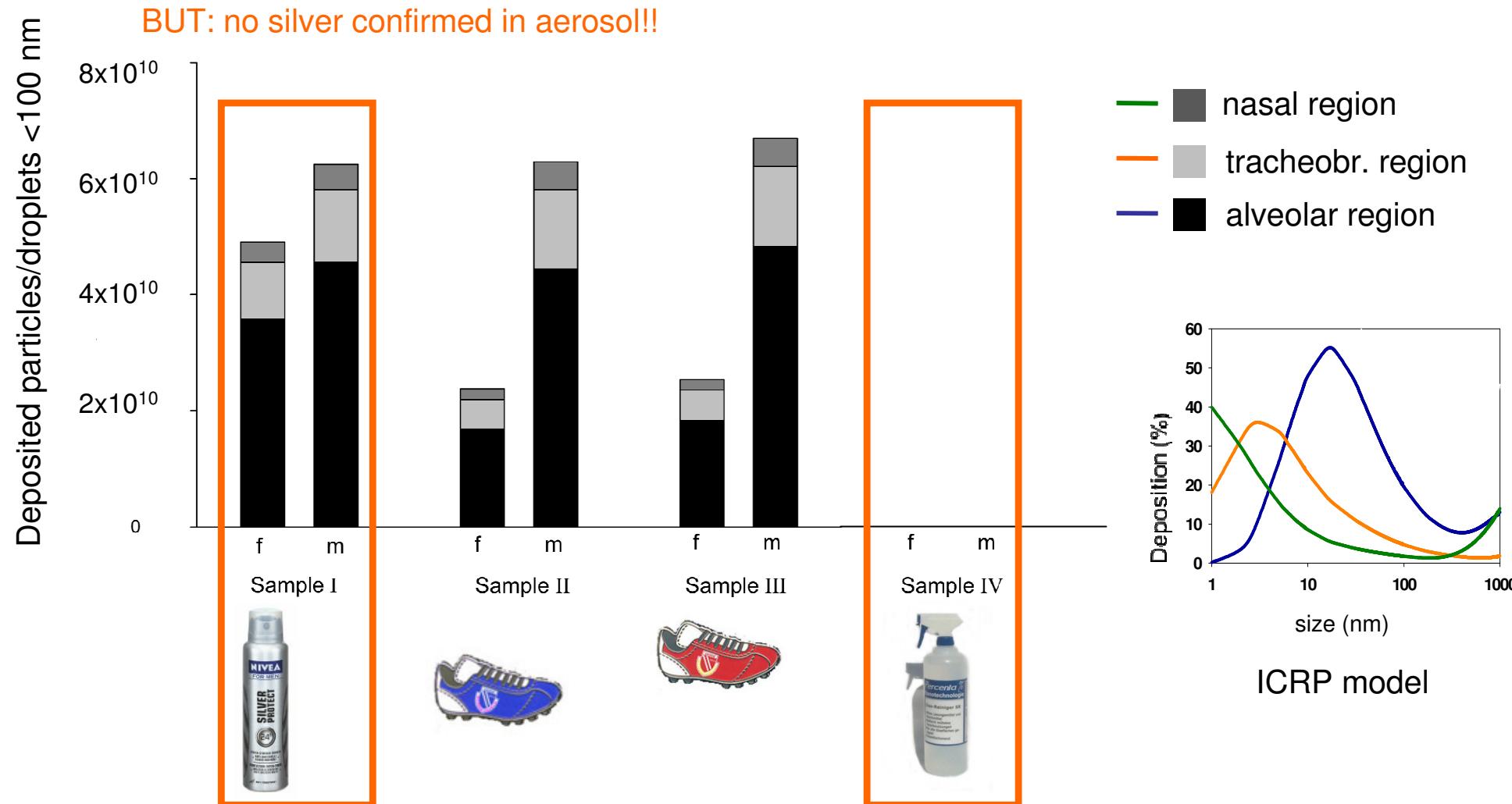
- particle **shape/size/elemental analysis:**
transmission electron microscopy (TEM) with EDX
- particle **size distribution** 10-100 nm (No. of particles per cm³ air):
scanning mobility particle sizer (SMPS)



Exposure to nanoparticles in sprays



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BUT: NP/ND if sprayed with propellant gas

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Nanoparticles in US consumer sprays



Publication	Quadros & Marr, 2011 design comparable to Hagendorfer et al, 2010	Nazarenko et al, 2011 focus on nanoparticles in general, not silver
Sprays	1. Antiodor spray 2. Surface disinfectant 3. Throat spray	1. Disinfectant personal care silver spray 2. Nasal spray (water based)
Spray dispersion	1-100nm (size specific conc) 1. 1.7 ppm 2. 1.8 ppm (mainly Ag+) 3. 16.5 ppm	1. 3-65 nm particles 2. <3-435 nm particles
Ag in aerosol	0.24-56 ng silver per spray action	no quantification, only size distribution
Size of aerosols	1-2.5 μm	particles 13nm - 20 μm
general		nano particles also from non-ENP containing products

Ingestion from food contact materials



Target: Commercial tupperware and PE-bags claiming “Nano silver inside”

- Product Analysis with scanning ICP-MS and TEM
- Release experiments with food simulants, analysis with ICP-MS and TEM



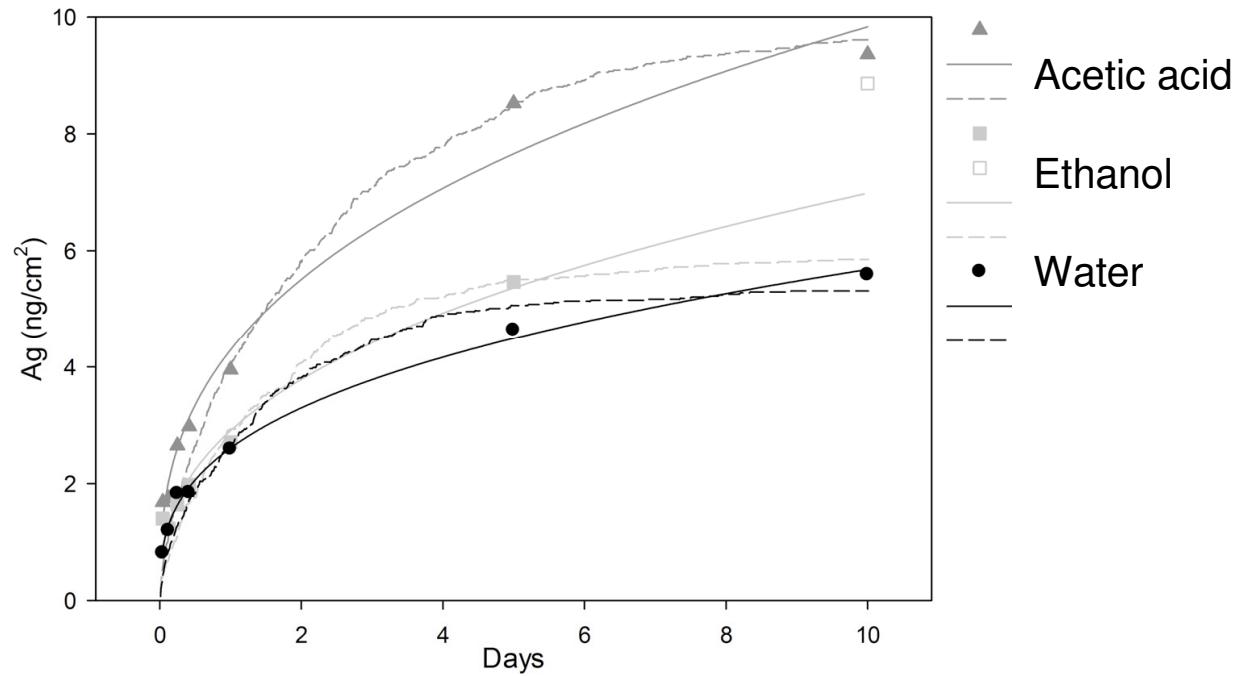
Tradename	Producer	Bulk Material/ Description	Origin	Silver content in µg/g plastic
Kinetic Go Green Nano Silver Basic	Kinetic, Pathway Davenport, US	Polypropylene	US	18.7
Kinetic Go Green Nano Silver Premium	Kinetic, Pathway Davenport, US	Polypropylene	US	<0.1
Nanosilber-Frisch-haltedosen, Everin®	Newlife Co., Korea	Rubber sealing	Germany	<0.1
FresherLonger™	Sharper Image Corporation, US	Polyethylene	US	37.1



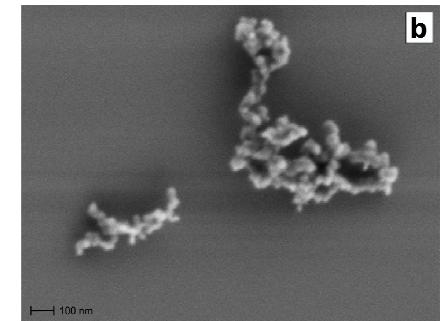
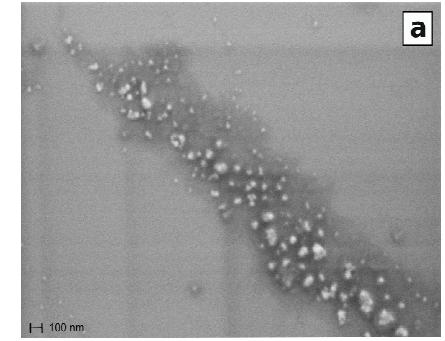
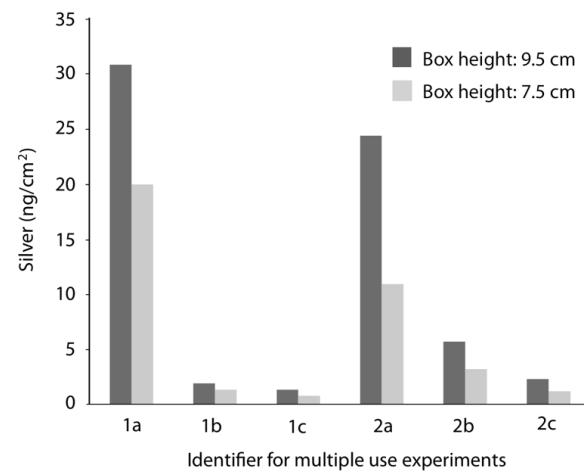
Release from food boxes



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Multiple use,
after 10 d



MD-ICP-MS: 10-20% Ag as particles

N von Goetz, L Fabricius et al., 2012, submitted



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Exposure to Ag from food boxes

Worst case assessment:

30 ng/cm² (worst case new box, acetic acid)

100 ml food in tupperware will cover **140 cm²** (1x10x10)

→worst-case acute exposure to **4.2 µg silver**



Comparison to natural sources:

- Ag concentrations in drinking water in the US: 0.1 to 9 µg/L (1969)
- also food contains trace amounts of silver

→ exposure to Ag from these food boxes very low, but might consist of nanoparticles
→ product claim is questionable (under threshold of bactericidal activity)

Dermal exposure from PCP&C



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Remederm repair cream: 0.1% Ag

silver lotion



silver antiperspirant

$$E = w_{\text{Prod}} \cdot a_{\text{Ret}} \cdot f_{\text{Event}} \cdot \frac{q_{\text{Prod}}}{m_{\text{bw}}}$$

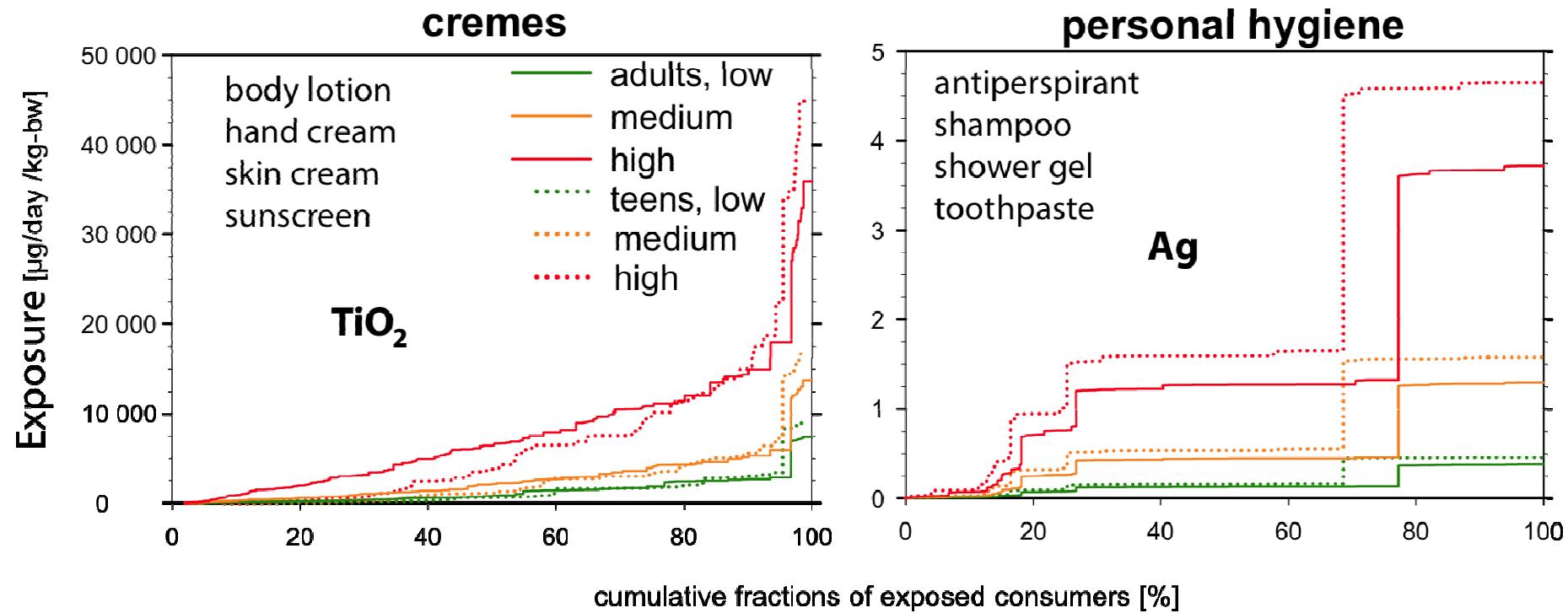


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Aggregate dermal exposure



Lorenz et al., 2011, "Potential exposure of German consumers to engineered nanoparticles in C&PCP", Nanotoxicology, 5 (1), 12-29

→ Personal hygiene (medium case)

$0.5 * 60 \text{ kg} = 30 \mu\text{g/day}$

→ Cremes: e.g. with 0.1% Ag in Remederm Repair

hand cream + face cream, 3 times a day, both 0.8 g

$4500 \mu\text{g/day}$

Uptake of silver nanoparticles

- **Inhalation:** no data for silver; gold: **1.5% for 40 nm**
(Sadauskas et al, 2009 Chemistry Central Journal (3) 16)
- **Oral:** not more than **1% (largest for 30 nm)**
(Bouwmeester et al, 2011 ACSNano (5) 5)
- **Dermal:** less than **0.01%**
(Larese et al, 2009 Toxicology (255))

BUT: potentially size, surface (coating), shape dependent

Project: Gerald Bachler “The total exposure to silver”



Conclusions

- Spray: mind the generation of secondary nanoparticles
- Oral: current use in food contact material not alarming
- Dermal: external exposure comparatively large → uptake crucial

Silver in consumer products further means

- depletion of resources
- destruction of a potent antibiotic (resistance building)

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