

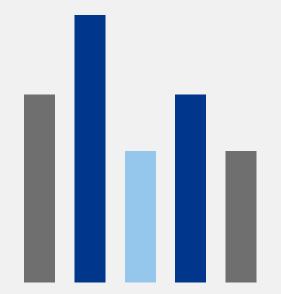




5-6 January 2021



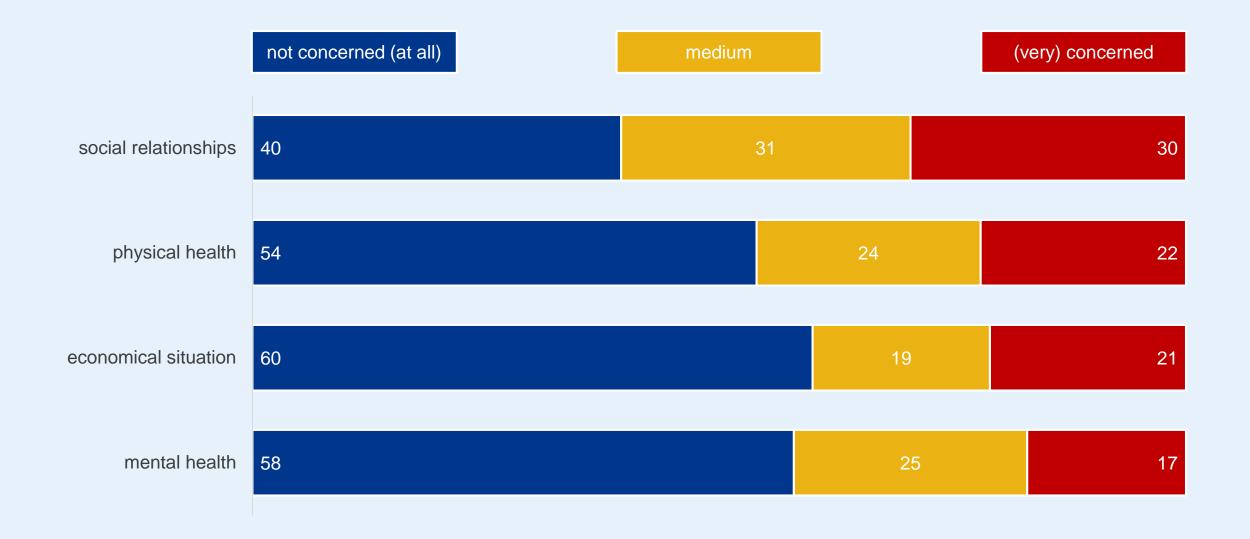
# **Current week**





# Concern about the impact of the novel coronavirus

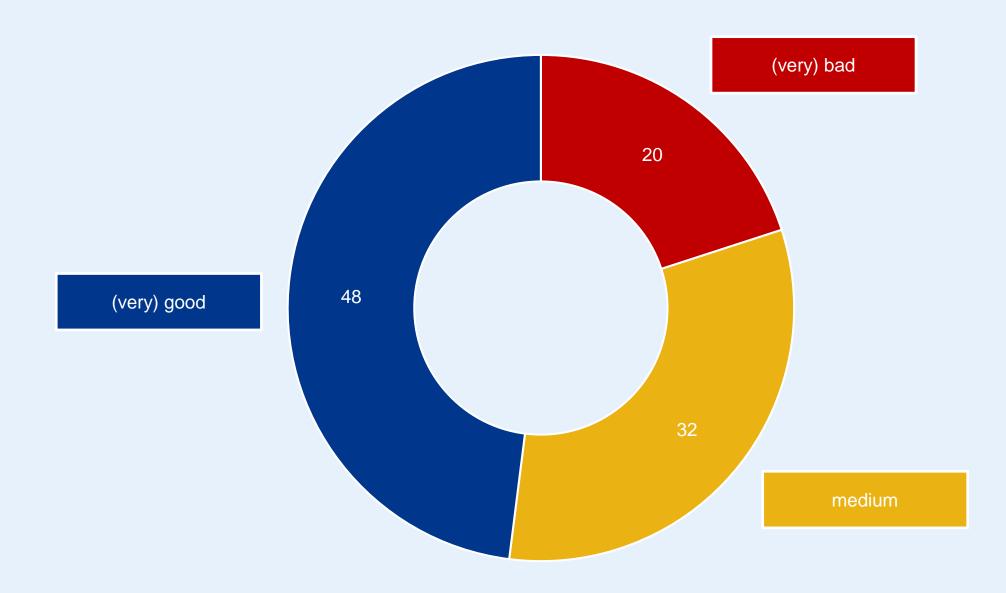
To what extent are you personally concerned or not concerned about the impact of the novel coronavirus in the following areas of life? (Response scale: 1 'not concerned at all' to 5 'very concerned')





# Perceived informedness about what is happening

How well or badly do you feel informed about what is happening with the novel coronavirus? (Response scale: 1 'very bad' to 5 'very good')

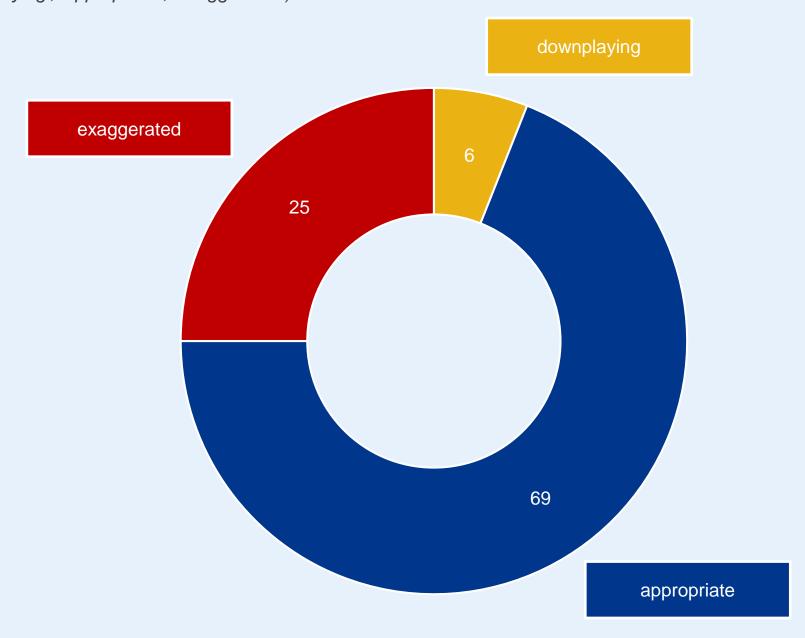


Basis: 999 participants



# **Evaluation of media coverage**

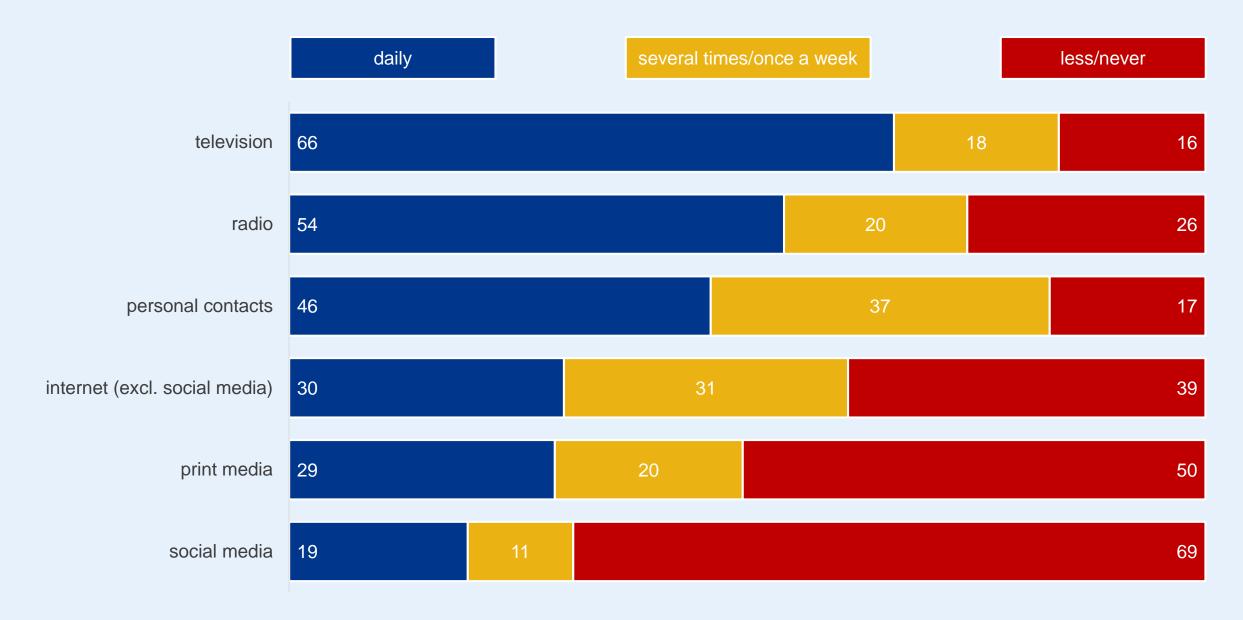
How do you evaluate the overall media coverage of the novel coronavirus? (Response options: 'downplaying', 'appropriate', 'exaggerated')





## **Used channels of information**

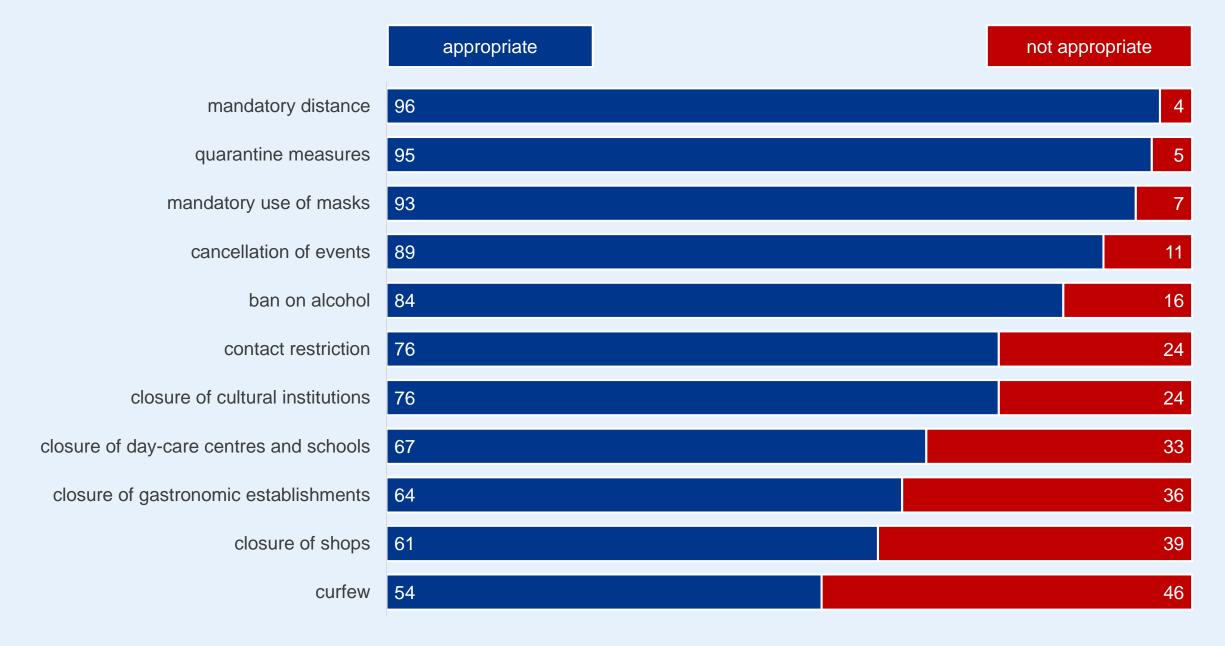
How often do you use the following information channels to inform yourself about what is happening with the novel coronavirus? (Response options: 'daily', 'several times a week', 'once a week', 'less than once a week', 'never')





# Appropriateness of the measures for containment

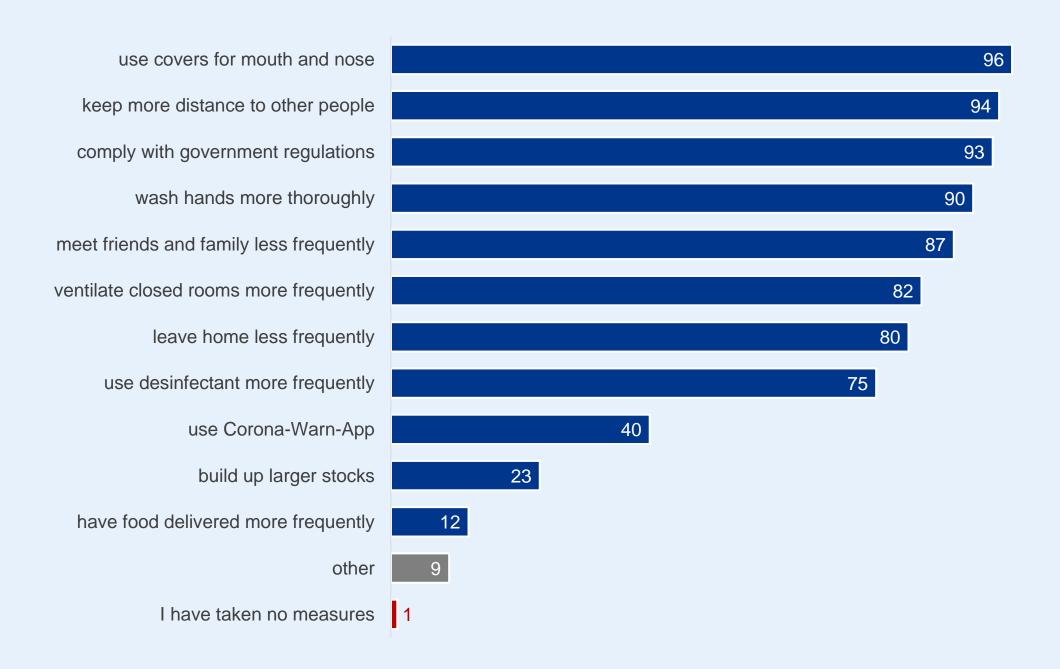
How do you evaluate the following measures to contain the spread of the novel coronavirus? (Response options: 'not appropriate', 'appropriate')





# Protective measures of the participants

Which of the following measures have you taken to protect yourself or your family from the novel coronavirus? *(multiple selection)* 

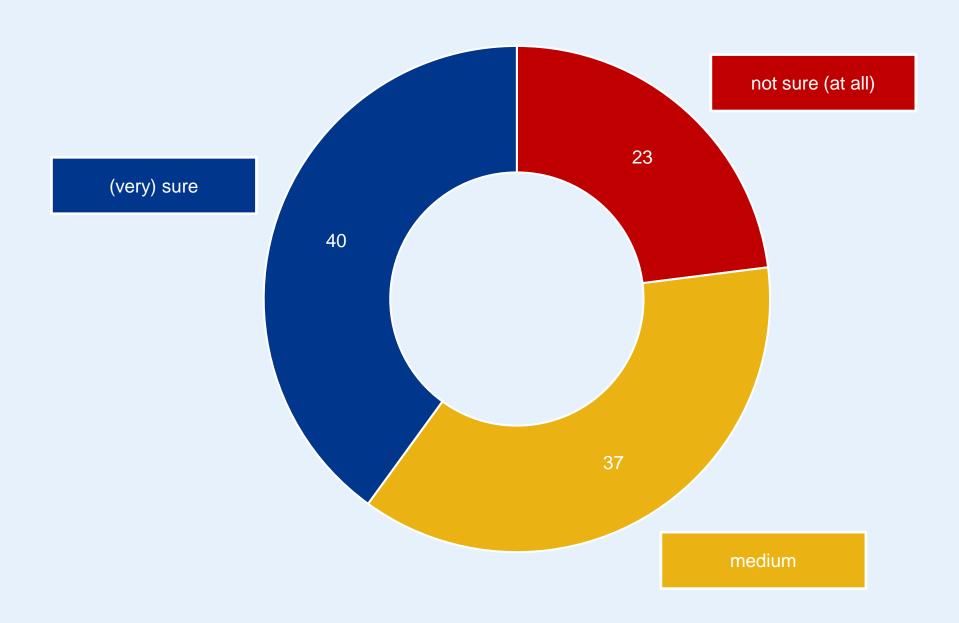


Basis: 1.016 participants



# Perceived controllability of the risk of infection

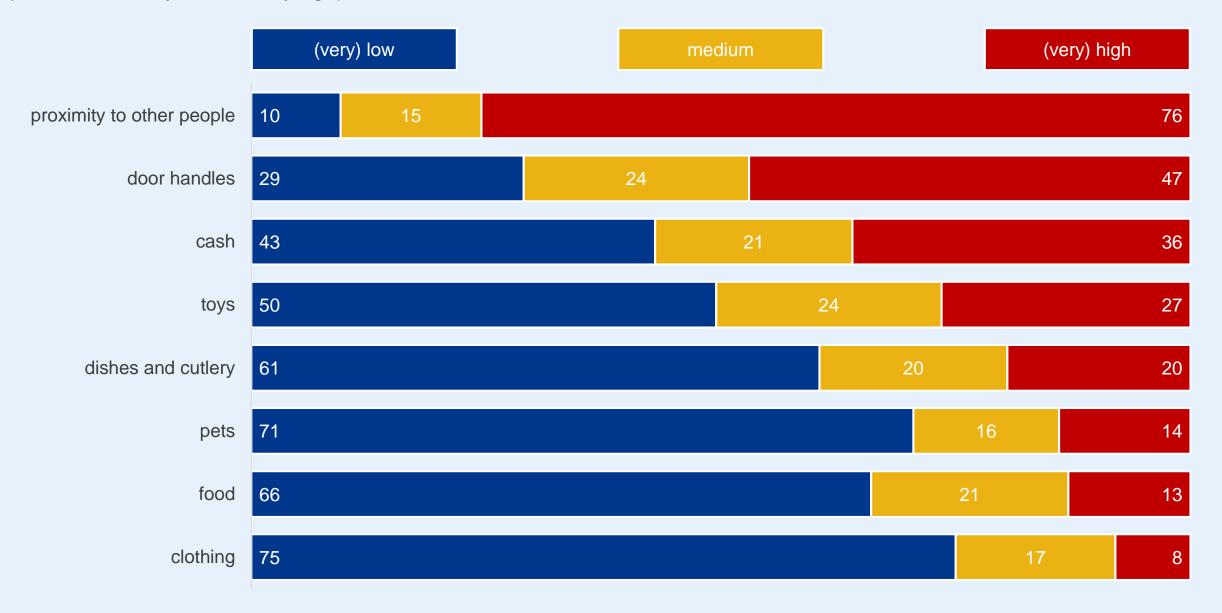
How sure are you that you can protect yourself from an infection with the novel coronavirus? (Response scale: 1 'not sure at all' to 5 'very sure')





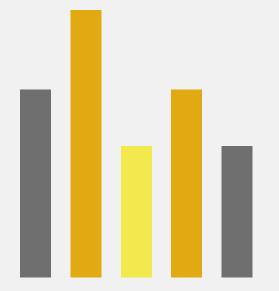
# Perceived probability of infection by transmission pathways

How high or low do you estimate the probability of being infected with the novel coronavirus via the following paths? (Response scale: 1 'very low' to 5 'very high')





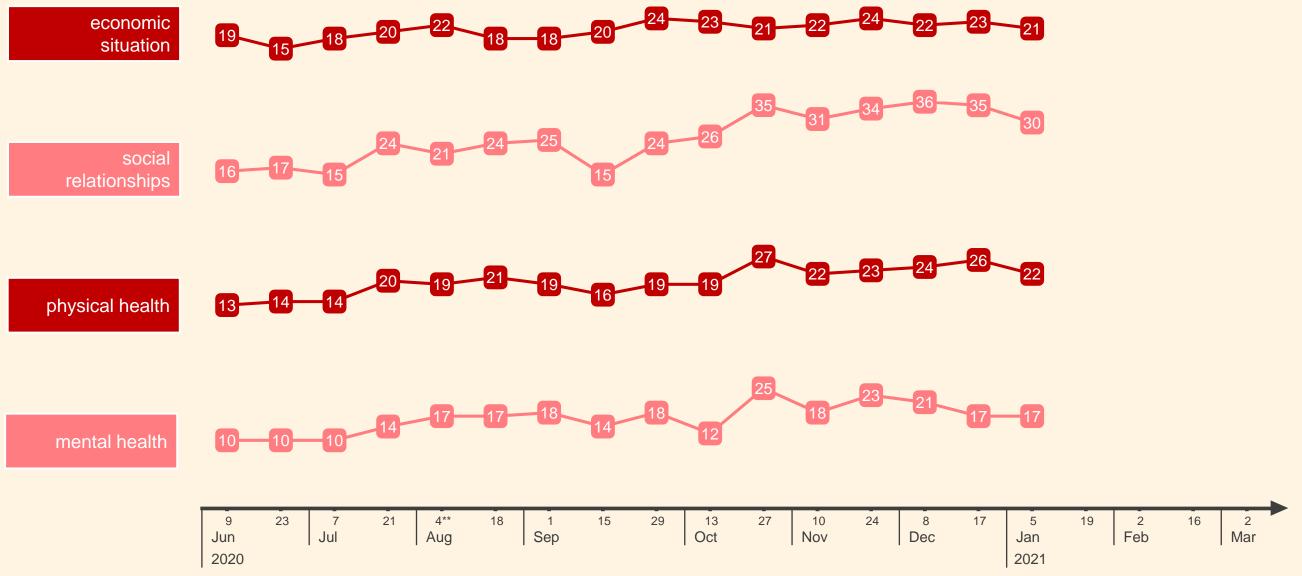
# Over time





# Concern about the impact of the novel coronavirus

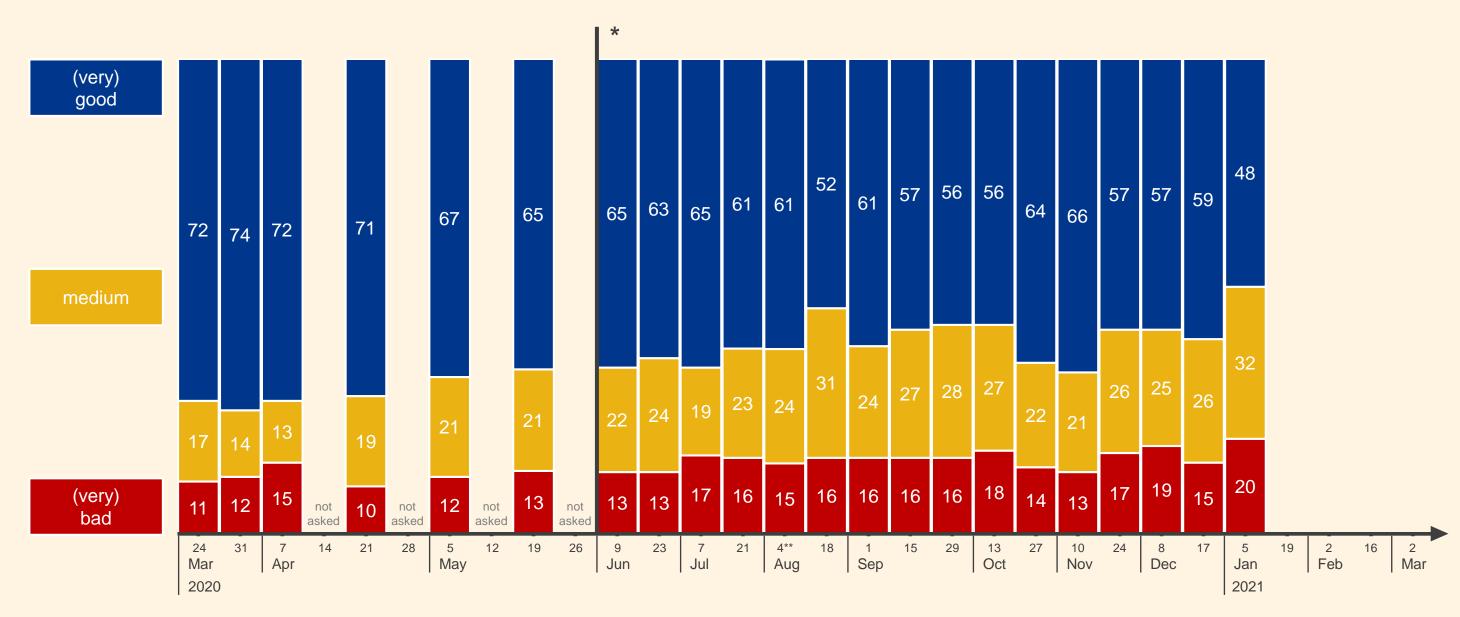
To what extent are you personally concerned or not concerned about the impact of the novel coronavirus in the following areas of life? (Response scale: 1 'not concerned at all' to 5 'very concerned') – Shown: response category '(very) concerned' (values 4 + 5)





# Perceived informedness about what is happening

How well or badly do you feel informed about what is happening with the novel coronavirus? (Response scale: 1 'very bad' to 5 'very good')

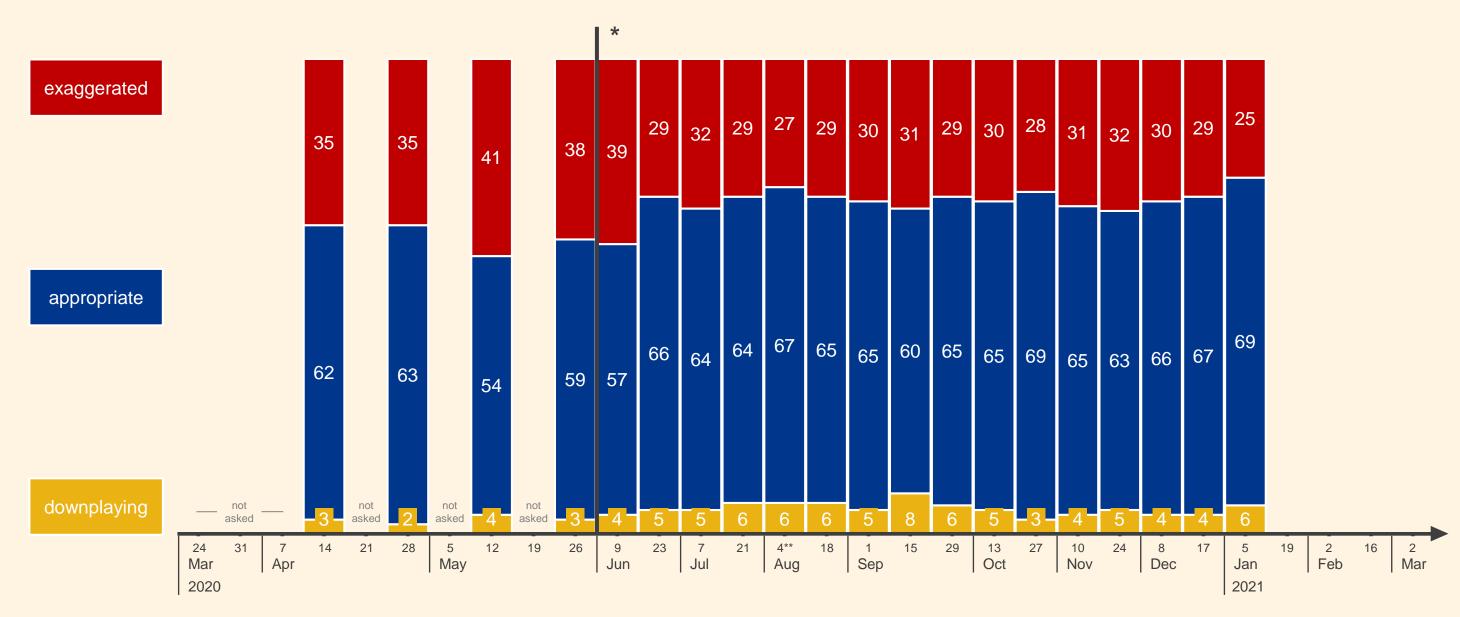


Basis Mar–May: 499–510 participants Basis from Jun: 993–1.032 participants



# **Evaluation of media coverage**

How do you evaluate the overall media coverage of the novel coronavirus? (Response options: 'downplaying', 'appropriate', 'exaggerated')



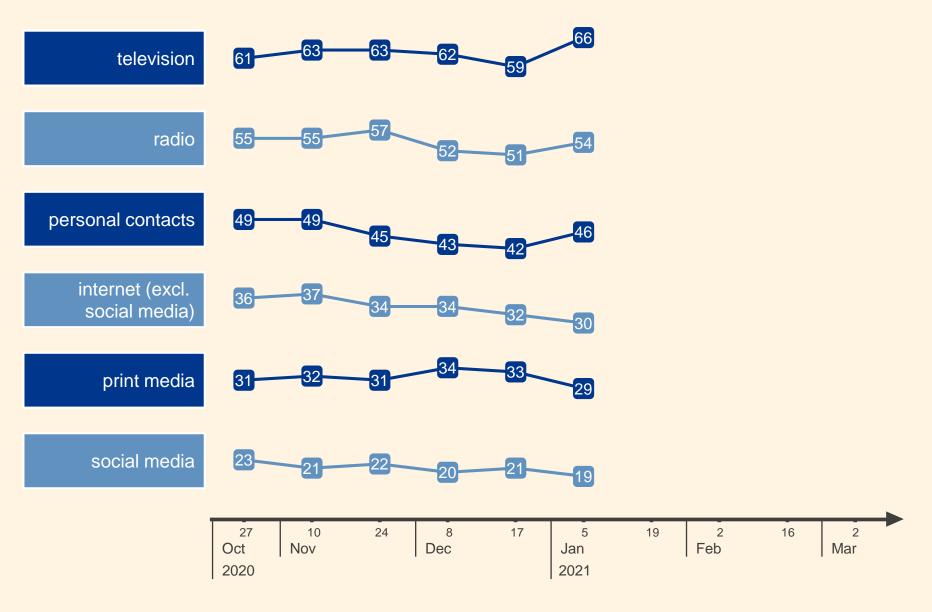
Figures given in percentages

Basis Mar–May: 480–502 participants Basis from Jun: 971–1.019 participants



### **Used channels of information**

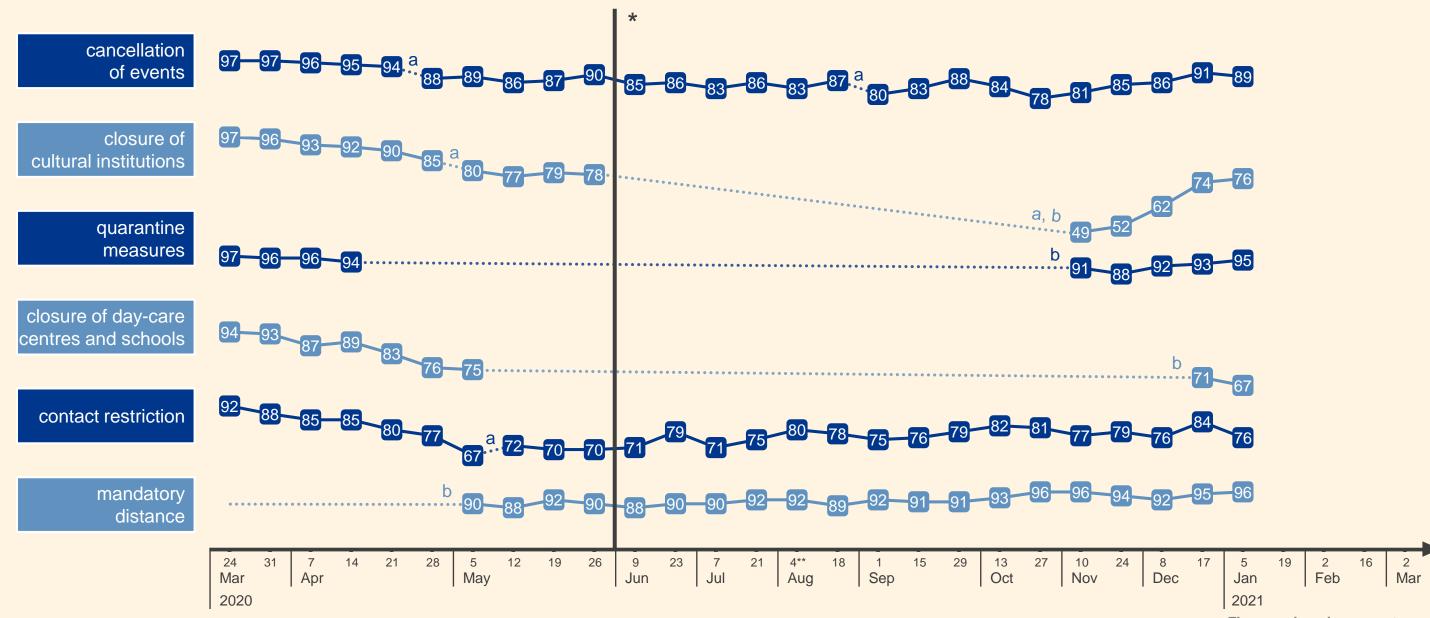
How often do you use the following information channels to inform yourself about what is happening with the novel coronavirus? (Response options: 'daily', 'several times a week', 'once a week', 'less than once a week', 'never') – Shown: response category 'daily'





# Appropriateness of the measures for containment I

How do you evaluate the following measures to contain the spread of the novel coronavirus? (Response options: 'not appropriate', 'appropriate') – **Shown: response category 'appropriate'** 



<sup>\*</sup> Since June 2020 survey every two weeks on two (\*\* three) consecutive days; the first day of each survey is indicated

Figures given in percentages

Basis Mar–May: 478–512 participants Basis from Jun: 930–1.031 participants

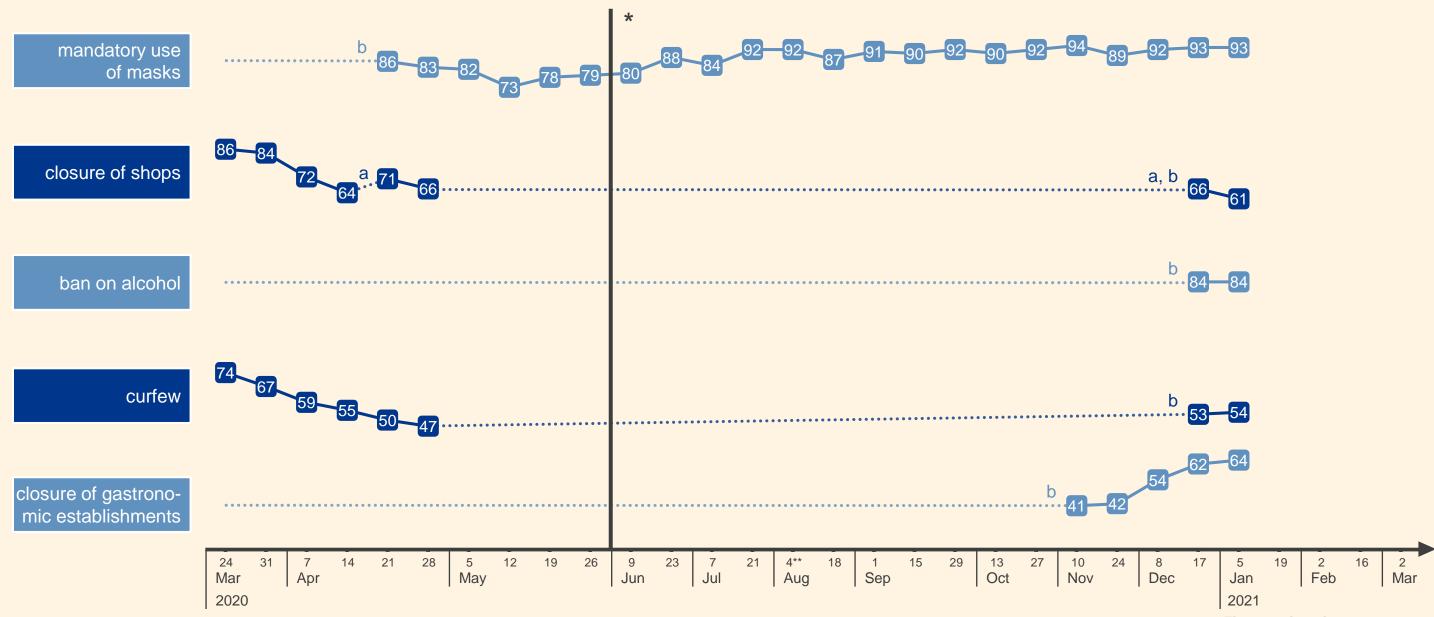
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Wording was adapted to the current situation at the time

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Measure was added to the questionnaire (again) at the time indicated



# Appropriateness of the measures for containment II

How do you evaluate the following measures to contain the spread of the novel coronavirus? (Response options: 'not appropriate', 'appropriate') – **Shown: response category 'appropriate'** 



<sup>\*</sup> Since June 2020 survey every two weeks on two (\*\* three) consecutive days; the first day of each survey is indicated

Figures given in percentages

Basis Mar–May: 478–512 participants Basis from Jun: 930–1.031 participants

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Wording was adapted to the current situation at the time

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Measure was added to the questionnaire (again) at the time indicated



# Protective measures of the participants I

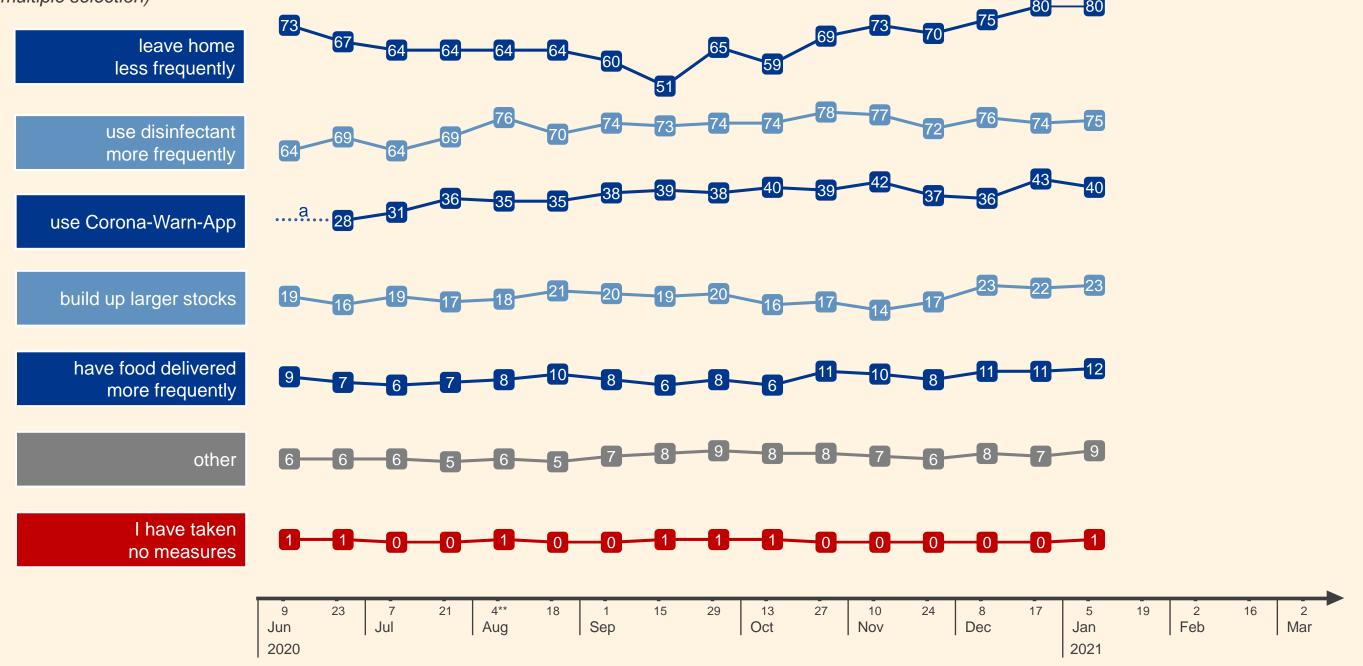
Which of the following measures have you taken to protect yourself or your family from the novel coronavirus? *(multiple selection)* 





# Protective measures of the participants II

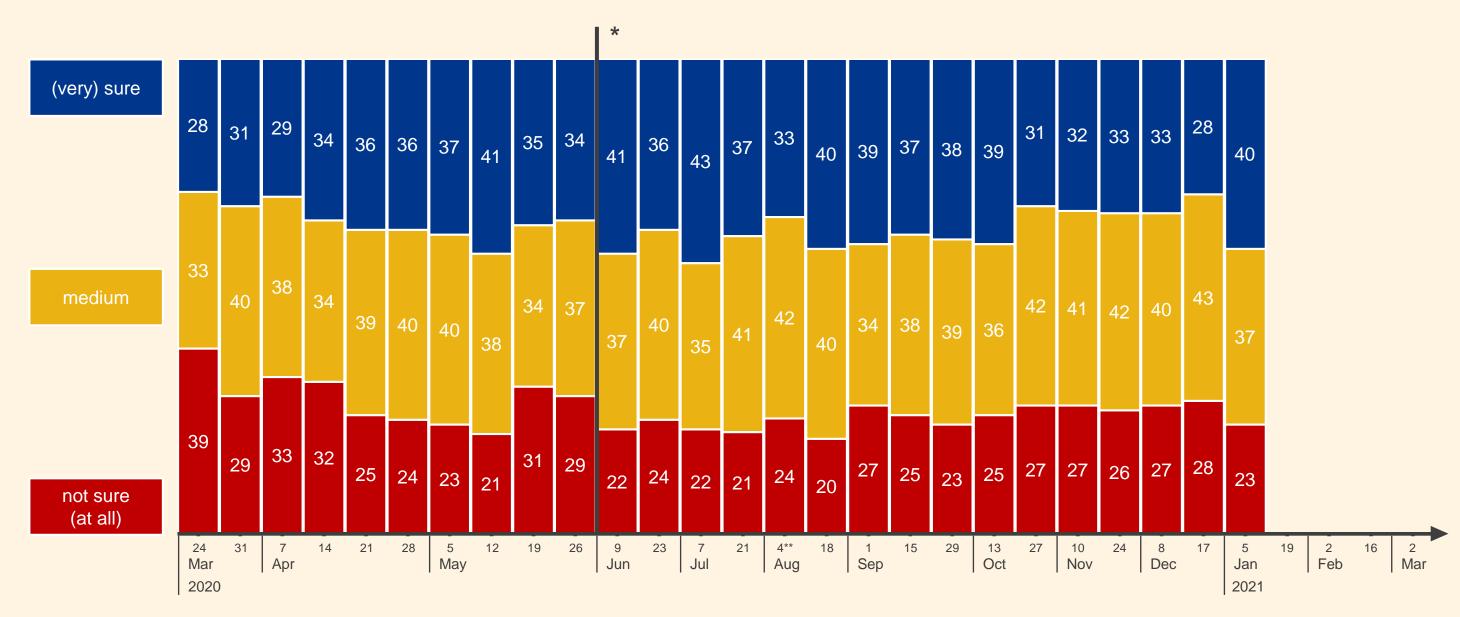
Which of the following measures have you taken to protect yourself or your family from the novel coronavirus? *(multiple selection)* 





# Perceived controllability of the risk of infection

How sure are you that you can protect yourself from an infection with the novel coronavirus? (Response scale: 1 'not sure at all' to 5 'very sure')

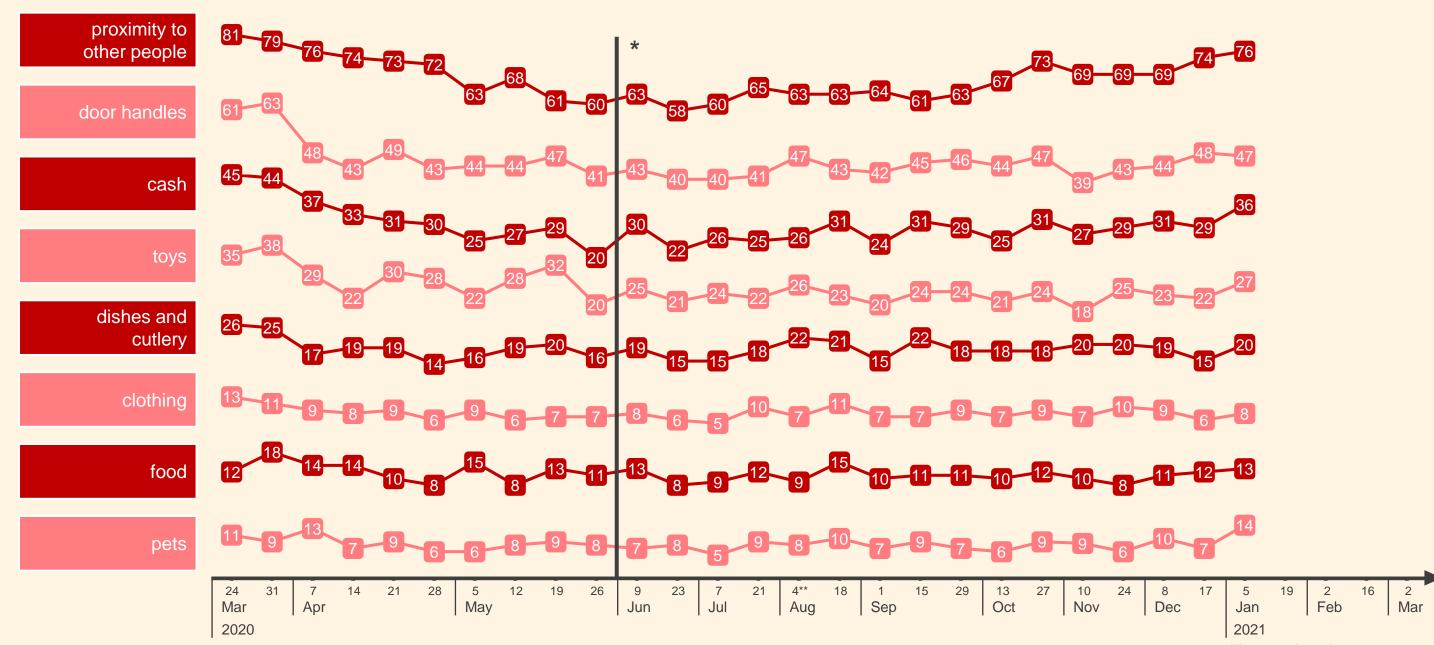


Basis Mar–May: 492–514 participants Basis from Jun: 981–1.017 participants



# Perceived probability of infection by transmission pathways

How high or low do you estimate the probability of being infected with the novel coronavirus via the following paths? (Response scale: 1 'very low' to 5 'very high') – Shown: response category '(very) high' (values 4 + 5)



Figures given in percentages

Basis Mar–May: 470–511 participants Basis from Jun: 915–1.030 participants



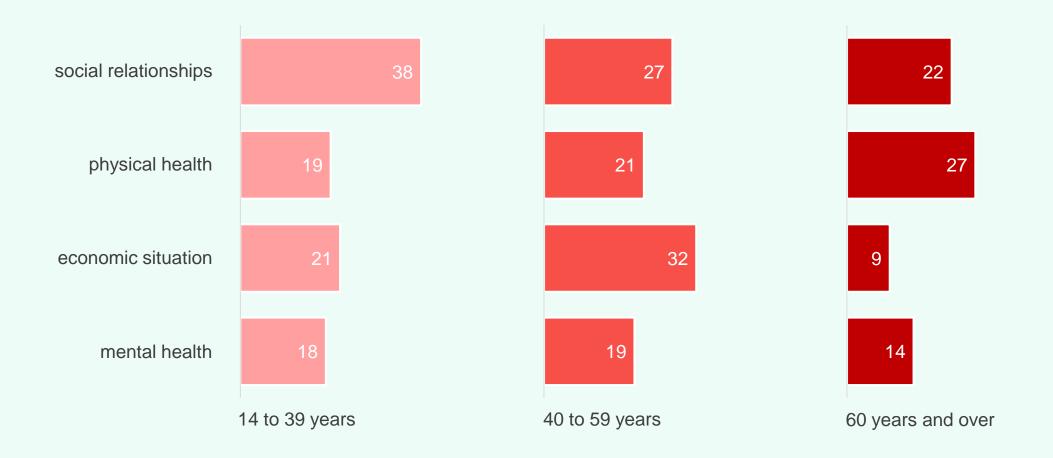
# Age groups





# Concern about the impact of the novel coronavirus

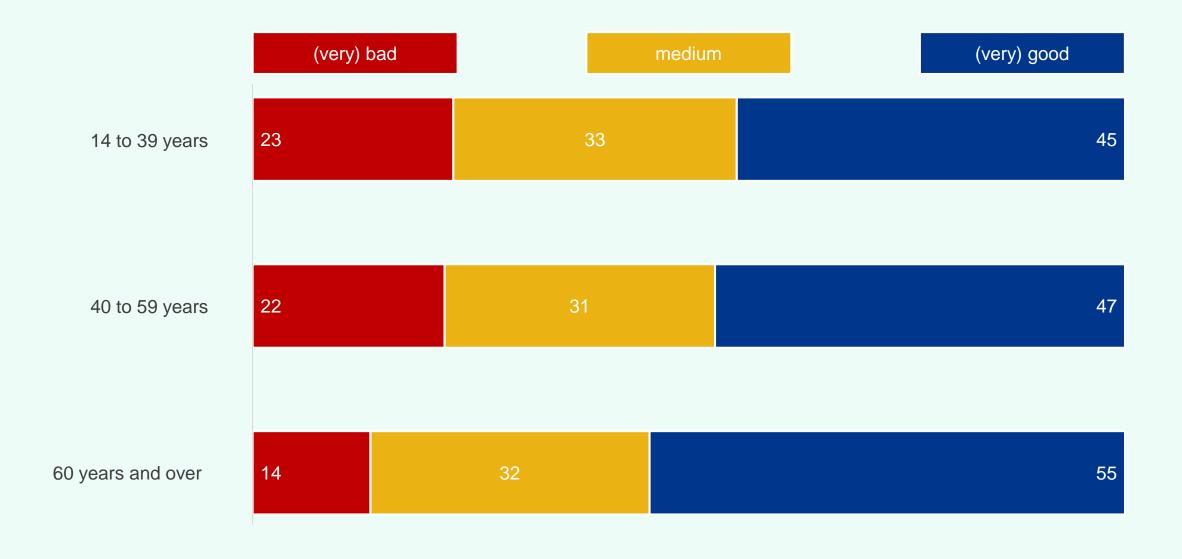
To what extent are you personally concerned or not concerned about the impact of the novel coronavirus in the following areas of life? (Response scale: 1 'not concerned at all' to 5 'very concerned') – Shown: response category '(very) concerned' (values 4 + 5)





# Perceived informedness about what is happening

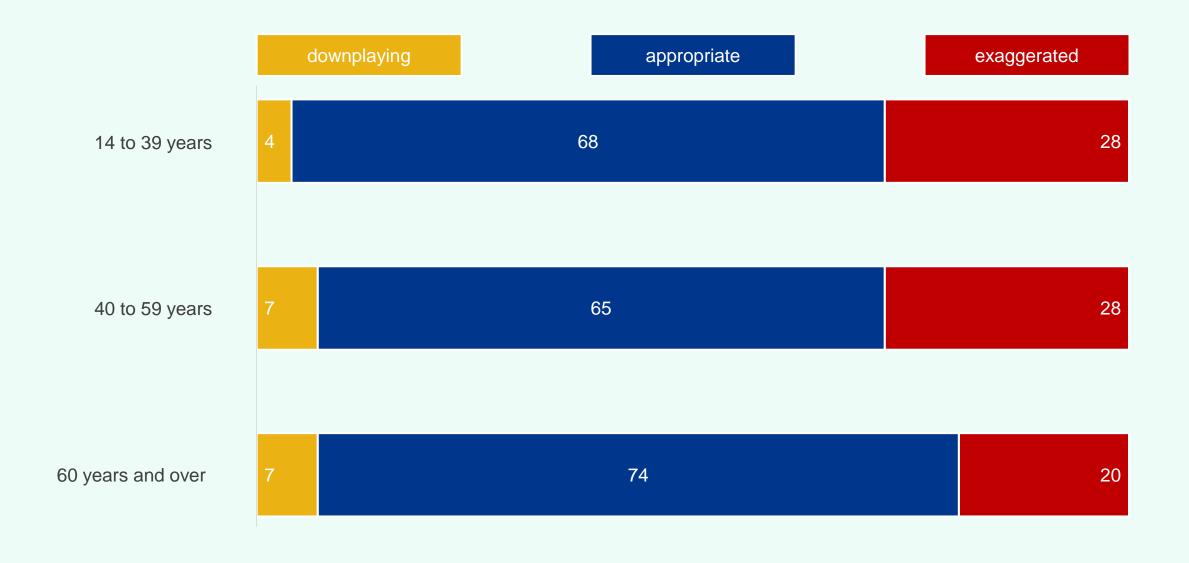
How well or badly do you feel informed about what is happening with the novel coronavirus? (Response scale: 1 'very bad' to 5 'very good')





# **Evaluation of media coverage**

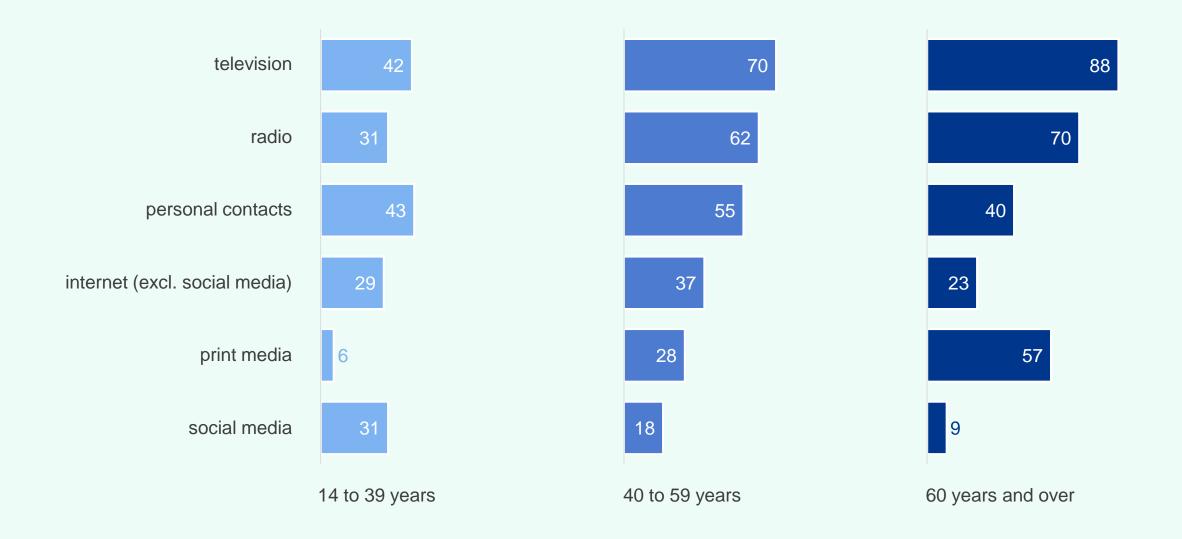
How do you evaluate the overall media coverage of the novel coronavirus? (Response options: 'downplaying', 'appropriate', 'exaggerated')





## **Used channels of information**

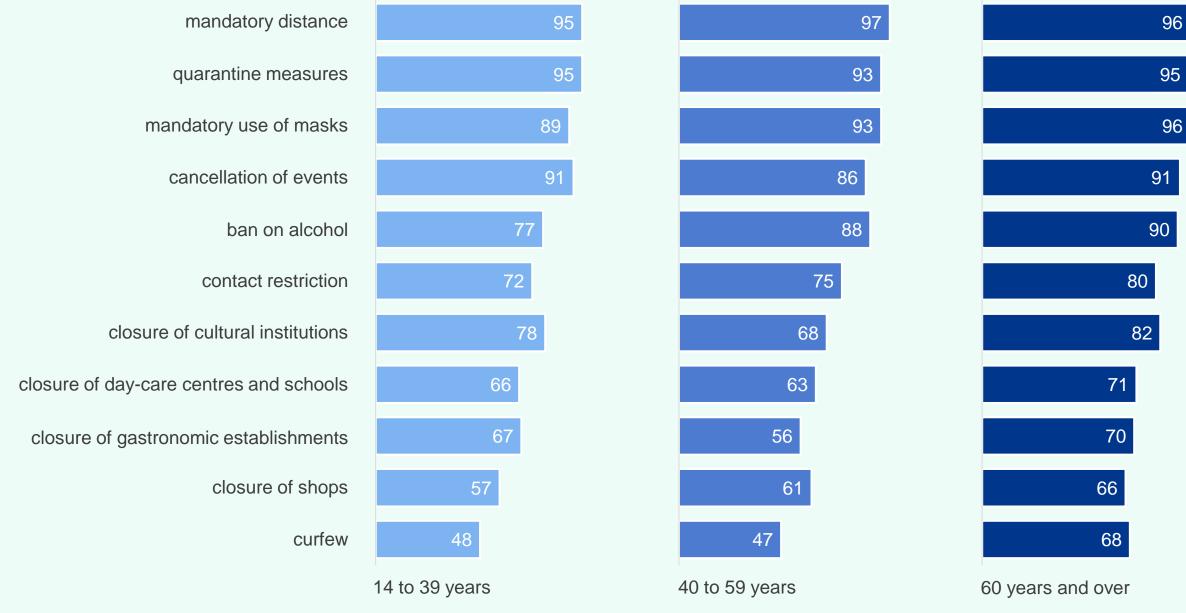
How often do you use the following information channels to inform yourself about what is happening with the novel coronavirus? (Response options: 'daily', 'several times a week', 'once a week', 'less than once a week', 'never') – **Shown: response category 'daily'** 





# **Appropriateness of the measures for containment**

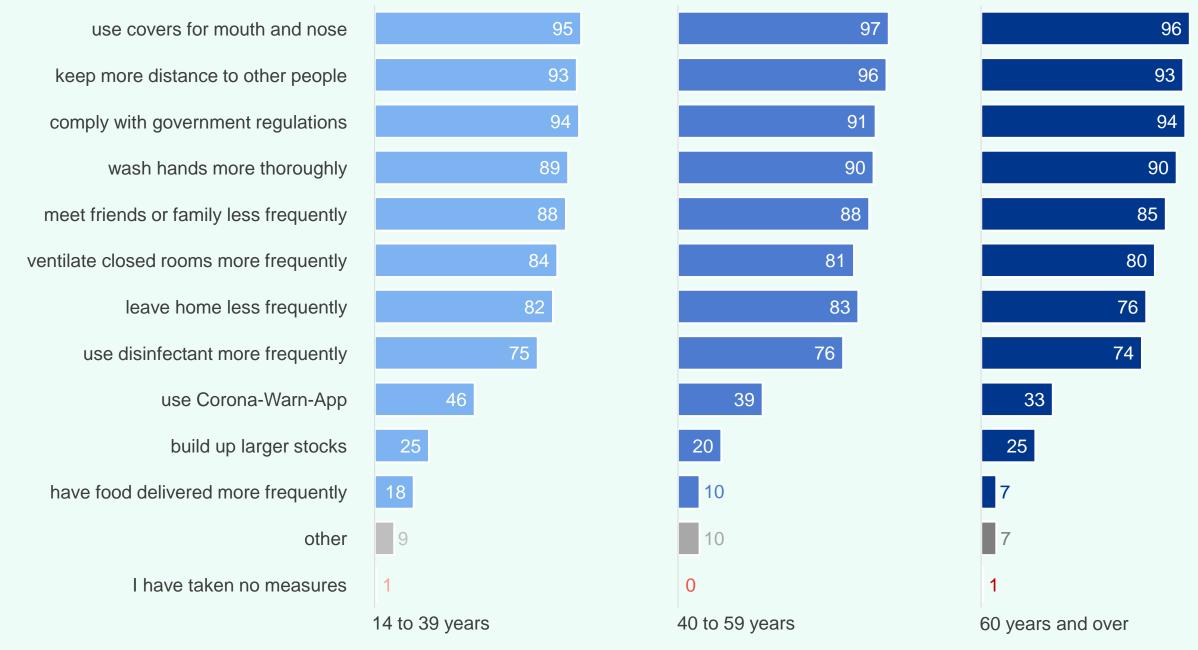
How do you evaluate the following measures to contain the spread of the novel coronavirus? (Response options: 'not appropriate', 'appropriate') – Shown: response category 'appropriate'





# **Protective measures of the participants**

Which of the following measures have you taken to protect yourself or your family from the novel coronavirus? *(multiple selection)* 





# Perceived controllability of the risk of infection

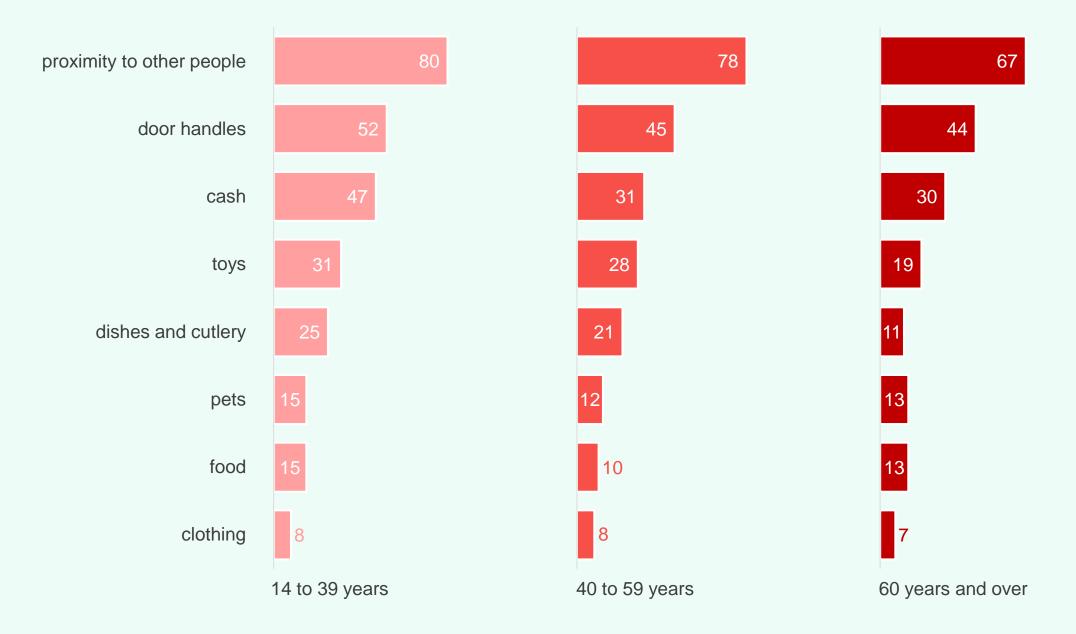
How sure are you that you can protect yourself from an infection with the novel coronavirus? (Response scale: 1 'not sure at all' to 5 'very sure')





# Perceived probability of infection by transmission pathways

How high or low do you estimate the probability of being infected with the novel coronavirus via the following paths? (Response scale: 1 'very low' to 5 'very high') – Shown: response category '(very) high' (values 4 + 5)





## Dates and sample sizes of the survey

### **Survey phase 1**

24 March 2020	510 participants
31 March 2020	500 participants
07 April 2020	510 participants
14 April 2020	515 participants
21 April 2020	505 participants
28 April 2020	503 participants
05 May 2020	504 participants
12 May 2020	510 participants
19 May 2020	509 participants
26 May 2020	510 participants

### Survey phase 2

09–10 June 2020	1.015 participants
23–24 June 2020	1.037 participants
07–08 July 2020	1.011 participants
21–22 July 2020	1.037 participants
04–06 August 2020	1.024 participants
18–19 August 2020	1.033 participants
01-02 September 2020	1.013 participants
15–16 September 2020	1.026 participants
29–30 September 2020	1.012 participants
13-14 October 2020	1.015 participants

### **Survey phase 3**

27-28 October 2020	1.006 participants
10-11 November 2020	1.009 participants
24–25 November 2020	1.018 participants
08-09 December 2020	1.004 participants
17-18 December 2020	1.010 participants
05-06 January 2021	1.017 participants
05–06 January 2021	1.017 participants
05-06 January 2021	1.017 participants
05-06 January 2021	1.017 participants



### How were the data collected?

**Statistical population:** German-speaking population ages 14 years and over in private households in the

Federal Republic of Germany

Sampling: Samples drawn at random from land line and mobile telephone numbers which can also

include telephone numbers not listed in directories (in line with standards set by the

Association of German Market Research Institutes – ADM)

Data weighting: Data was weighted according to gender, education, age, employment, size of city and

German federal state to guarantee representativeness

Method: Telephone interview (CATI omnibus survey, Dual Frame)

**Presentation of results:** All figures given in percentages, rounding differences are possible, only valid responses

were included (response option 'don't know' was excluded from all analyses)

Conducted by: Kantar



### **About the BfR**

Do nanoparticles promote the occurrence of allergies? Does apple juice contain too much aluminium? The German Federal Institute for Risk Assessment, or BfR for short, is responsible for answering questions on all aspects of the health assessment of foods and feeds, consumer products and chemicals. Through its work, it makes a decisive contribution towards ensuring that food, products and the use of chemicals have become safer in Germany.

The Institute's main tasks comprise the assessment of existing health risks and identification of new ones, the development of recommendations to limit risks and the transparent communication of this process. This work results in the scientific advice given to political decision makers. To help with the strategic alignment of its risk communication, the BfR conducts its own research in the field of risk perception. The Institute is independent in its scientific assessments, research and communication. The BfR belongs to the portfolio of the Federal Ministry of Food and Agriculture (BMEL).

i

More information at: www.bfr.bund.de/en

COVID-19/coronavirus:

> A-Z Index > C > COVID-19/corona

### **Imprint**

BfR Corona-Monitor | 5–6 January 2021

Publisher: German Federal Institute for Risk Assessment (BfR)

Max-Dohrn-Straße 8–10

10589 Berlin

bfr@bfr.bund.de

www.bfr.bund.de/en

Photo: mathisworks/GettyImages

Use of the results published here is possible with mention of the source 'BfR Corona-Monitor | 5–6 January 2021'.

This text version is a translation of the original German text, which is the only legally binding version.

### **German Federal Institute for Risk Assessment**

Max-Dohrn-Straße 8–10 10589 Berlin

**GERMANY** 

Phone +40 30 18412-0

Fax +49 30 18412-99099

bfr@bfr.bund.de

www.bfr.bund.de/en

